

Seaweeds in the Northsea ecosystem: the fundamental scientific approach

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MARCH

LICHTKOGEL EXPERIENCE



Trophic chain









use biomass low in the marine ecosystem for food -> algae, **seaweeds**, shellfish



how to fit it **sustainably** in the Northsea ecosystem ?





Use native Northsea seaweed species

Ulva lactuca

Saccharina latissima

Laminaria digitata







master their lifecycle: high quality starting material Lifecycle of brown seaweeds **Spores** (free floating) with Haploid Sexual Sporophyt reproduction (adult seaweed) Gametophytes Male Gametonhut Vegetative growth Young sporophytes attach to surfaces



What did you do ''to make it happen'' for all of us:

Unravel (a)biotic conditions governing S. latissima

gametogenesis -> domestication!





know their nutrient uptake kinetics

ULVA LACTUCA

PHOSPORUS DIP uptake (µmol.cm⁻².d⁻¹)

Surge 0.67±0.10 NITROGEN DIN uptake (µmol.cm⁻².d⁻¹)

> Surge 12.54±5.22

STORAGE

(µmol.cm⁻²) **DIP:** 0.73±0.13 **DIN:** 22.90±6.99

Maintenance 0.07±0.03 Maintenance 2.26±0.86

Lubsch & Timmermans, 2018, J. Phycol.



know their nutrient uptake kinetics

Saccharina latissima







What did you do "to make it happen" for all of us: Quantify nitrogen and phophorus uptake in Ulva lactuca, Saccharina latissima, Laminaria digitata (and Palmaria palmate) standarised per <u>surface area</u> of seaweed front



with this knowledge:

-> seaweed farmers know what yield is possible in their farms



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Modelling potential seaweed biomass production

EFG -6-2 $^{-4}$

Van de Molen et al. 2018



Modelling potential seaweed biomass production



Northsea farm (Scheveningen)







Modelling potential seaweed biomass production

Seaweed cultivation in the Northsea (and UK) coastal waters is possible, with yields of max 20 ton seaweed DW . ha⁻¹

Marginal (if any) environmental effects, e.g. nutrient concentrations by the (small-scale) seaweed farms

What did you do 'to make it happen" for all of us: contribute to a realistic estimate of seaweed production and insight in ecological consequences for the Northsea

Van de Molen et al., 2018, Biogeosciences





Finding the balance:

preserving the natural marine ecosystem and unlocking its potential for food production

14.000 km² of seaweed in the Northsea ??

500 km² more realistic (without additional measures) no significant use of nutrients, limiting eutrophication, CO₂ uptake, enhancing biodiversity, and producing valuable **seaweed biomass**



cultivation offshore easier said than done...



Zhu et al (submitted):

large scale cultivation will cause **reduced current** in the seaweeds (nutrient limitation!), and **enhanced current** below (erosion of sediment, turbulent waters)



cultivation offshore easier said than done...

Saccharina latissima

MORPHOLOGY determined by hydrodynamics

there is no standard seaweed, affecting dragforces (hence anchoring)



Zhu et al., 2021, J Applied Phycol, in press





a lot of fundamental scientific, experimental work on physiology, ecology, morphology and genetics of native Northsea species



... will continue to do that and extent to research on **taste and texture**, **genetics**, effects of **global warming**, **sensing of growth**, **biorefinery**, etc.

All results publicly available via open access publications...

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- Effects of Nutrient Availability and Light Intensity on the Sterol Content of Saccharina latissima (Laminariales, Phaeophyceae). de Jong, D.L.C. Timmermans, K.R., de Winter, J.M., Derksen, G.C.H. J. Applied Phycology, 10.1007/s10811-020-02359-y
- Morphological and physiological plasticity of Saccharina latissima (Phaeophyceae) in response to different hydrodynamic conditions and nutrient availability. Zhu, G., A. Ebbing, T J. Bouma, K. R. Timmermans J. Applied Phycol. Accepted in press
- **Impacts of off-bottom seaweed cultivation on turbulent variation in the hydrodynamic environment** Zhu, Q., Z Zhu, R. W. Nauta, Long J., K.R. Timmermans, Y. Cai, Z. Yang, T. Gerkema. Submitted





Is fundamental science enough? Will Northsea seaweed cultivation happen ?

YES, when we

combine life sciences (physiology, ecology, genetics, chemistry) with

"soft sciences" - behavioral sciences, ethics of food, governance, socio-economics, etc. -

and

join forces with **applied sciences** (TO2 institutes)

knowing that only

with proper support by companies & consumers this new food production system will be accepted





Northsea Seaweed opportunities; Fundamental Sciences Making it Happen!

let's do it sustainable, in balance with the natural ecosystem

using domesticated native seaweed species

reducing eutrophication

stimulating biodiversity

don't forget the applied sciences, processing/biorefinery, the companies and consumers





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THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



thanking my co-workers for their excellent work: Alexander Lubsch, Alexander Ebbing, Guorong Zhu, Qin Zhu, Johan van der Molen, en many others